## § 40.153 How does the MRO notify employees of their right to a test of the split specimen?

- (a) As the MRO, when you have verified a drug test as positive for a drug or drug metabolite, or as a refusal to test because of adulteration or substitution, you must notify the employee of his or her right to have the split specimen tested. You must also notify the employee of the procedures for requesting a test of the split specimen.
- (b) You must inform the employee that he or she has 72 hours from the time you provide this notification to him or her to request a test of the split specimen.
- (c) You must tell the employee how to contact you to make this request. You must provide telephone numbers or other information that will allow the employee to make this request. As the MRO, you must have the ability to receive the employee's calls at all times during the 72 hour period (e.g., by use of an answering machine with a "time stamp" feature when there is no one in your office to answer the phone).
- (d) You must tell the employee that if he or she makes this request within 72 hours, the employer must ensure that the test takes place, and that the employee is not required to pay for the test from his or her own funds before the test takes place. You must also tell the employee that the employer may seek reimbursement for the cost of the test (see § 40.173).
- (e) You must tell the employee that additional tests of the specimen *e.g.*, DNA tests) are not authorized.

## § 40.155 What does the MRO do when a negative or positive test result is also dilute?

- (a) When the laboratory reports that a specimen is dilute, you must, as the MRO, report to the DER that the specimen, in addition to being negative or positive, is dilute.
- (b) You must check the "dilute" box (Step 6) on Copy 2 of the CCF.
- (c) When you report a dilute specimen to the DER, you must explain to the DER the employer's obligations and choices under §40.197, to include the requirement for an immediate recollection under direct observation if

the creatinine concentration of a negative-dilute specimen was greater than or equal to 2mg/dL but less than or equal to 5mg/dL.

- (d) If the employee's recollection under direct observation, in paragraph (c) of this section, results in another negative-dilute, as the MRO, you must:
- (1) Review the CCF to ensure that there is documentation that the recollection was directly observed.
- (2) If the CCF documentation shows that the recollection was directly observed as required, report this result to the DER as a negative-dilute result.
- (3) If CCF documentation indicates that the recollection was not directly observed as required, do not report a result but again explain to the DER that there must be an immediate recollection under direct observation.

[65 FR 79526, Dec. 19, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 41952, Aug. 9, 2001; 68 FR 31626, May 28, 2003; 69 FR 64867, Nov. 9, 2004; 73 FR 35971, June 25, 2008]

## §40.157 [Reserved]

## § 40.159 What does the MRO do when a drug test result is invalid?

- (a) As the MRO, when the laboratory reports that the test result is an invalid result, you must do the following:
- (1) Discuss the laboratory results with a certifying scientist to determine if the primary specimen should be tested at another HHS certified laboratory. If the laboratory did not contact you as required by §§40.91(e) and 40.96(c), you must contact the laboratory.
- (2) If you and the laboratory have determined that no further testing is necessary, contact the employee and inform the employee that the specimen was invalid. In contacting the employee, use the procedures set forth in § 40.131.
- (3) After explaining the limits of disclosure (see §§ 40.135(d) and 40.327), you must determine if the employee has a medical explanation for the invalid result. You must inquire about the medications the employee may have taken.
- (4) If the employee gives an explanation that is acceptable, you must:
- (i) Place a check mark in the "Test Cancelled" box (Step 6) on Copy 2 of the CCF and enter "Invalid Result"